

Shasta Local Agency Formation Commission



Municipal Services Review & Sphere of Influence Update

Fall River Resource Conservation District

April 2014

Contents

- 1. Executive Summary.....
- 2. General Background
- 3. District Services.....
 - a. Infrastructure, Facilities, Services.....
 - b. Administration, Management, Operations.....
 - c. Fiscal.....
 - d. Governance.....
- 4. Regional context/Relevant services by other agencies.....
- 5. Agency Boundary & Proposed Sphere of Influence Service Area
- 6. Written Determinations for Municipal Service Review.....
 - a. Growth & population projections.....
 - b. Disadvantaged unincorporated communities (DUCs)
 - c. Present and planned capacity of public facilities
 - d. Adequacy of public services.....
 - e. Infrastructure Needs or Deficiencies.....
 - f. Financing Constraints and Opportunities
 - g. Opportunities for Rate Restructuring.....
 - h. Status of and Opportunities for Shared Facilities.....
 - i. Accountability for community service needs,
governmental structure and operational efficiencies
- 7. Written Determinations for Sphere of Influence Update

 - a. Present/planned land uses
 - b. Present and probable need for public facilities and services.....
 - c. Present capacity of public facilities/adequacy of services
 - d. Existence of social or economic communities of interest.....
 - e. Present and probable needs of disadvantaged unincorporated
communities within area.....

- 8. Conclusion.....
- 9. References
- 10. Exhibits.....
 - a. Map of District showing proposed SOI Boundary Update.....
 - b. Disadvantaged Unincorporated Community (DUC) Calculator
 - c. Fall River RCD Five Year Plan.....
 - d. Fall River RCD List of Grants.....
 - e. Notice of Intent to Adopt CEQA Statutory Exemption PRC 21083
 - f. No Effect Determination – California Department of Fish & Wildlife
 - g. Resource Conservation District Guidebook:
 - i. What is an RCD?.....
 - ii. Powers and Authorities of RCDs under Division 9
[Public Resources Code 9001-9978]
 - iii. Common Federal and State Programs for Local
Conservation Assistance

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Local agency formation commissions have been tasked with updating local agency municipal service reviews (MSR) and sphere of influence boundaries (SOI) every five years since 2008 [Government Code Section 56425 *et seq.*]. This study presents a baseline review of the Fall River Resource Conservation District services and SOI needs, satisfying the requirements of this statute.

1. GENERAL BACKGROUND

To understand how integral Resource Conservation District services are to the protection and productivity of local agricultural and natural resources, it will help to take a quick look at how these seldom heard of local agencies came into being in California.

U.S. Soil and Water Conservation Service/National Resource Conservation Service

In 1933 during the height of the “Dust Bowl” the Soil Erosion Service was created under the Department of Interior, later moving to the US Department of Agriculture and becoming the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) and sixty years later the National Resource Conservation Service (NRCS).

The SCS was authorized in 1936 to “make payments and grants of aid to support approved soil and water conservation measures.” Its projects were successful but covered too little territory and were far too expensive. It was deemed that a true grass-roots approach was required, legally constituted local organizations called Soil Conservation Associations, to manage “all erosion control work on private lands.” President Franklin D. Roosevelt notified all states, “suggesting that farmers and ranchers be granted the authority to establish districts specifically for conservation of soil and water resources.” [*Soil and Water Resources Appraisal, 1980*]

California authorized formation of RCDs under the Public Resources Code, Division 9, and landowners began to petition their counties to initiate proceedings for these new local agencies.

This system connected the NRCS with landowners through these newly minted RCDs. NRCS provided the funding, the RCDs provided planning services, and the landowners agreed to participate in projects on private lands. It is one of the oldest and most successful government agencies of its kind. Private landowners voluntarily conserve soil, water, air, plant, animal, wildlife, and related resources.

The NRCS itself is a non-regulatory federal agency that provides conservation technical assistance and as of 2011 administers over 41 different local conservation programs, including:

**Fall River Resource Conservation District
Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update**

| | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Farm Bill | Grasslands Reserve | Healthy Forests Reserve |
| Wetlands Reserve | National Ag Water Mgmt. Team | Snow Survey/Water Supply |
| Wildlife Habitat Incentive | Conservation Tech. Assistance | Gulf of Mexico Initiative |
| International programs | Water Management | Water Quality |
| Watershed programs | Fish and Wildlife | Insects & Pollinators |
| Invasive Species and Pests | Livestock | Plants |

NRCS does not enforce laws or ordinances, issue permits, or respond to complaints in a regulatory manner. Individuals who participate in NRCS programs are responsible for compliance with all laws, ordinances and permit requirements. In return, NRCS provides advice and counsel, and, by agency policy, protects the confidentiality of its clients, customers, and the public.

Resource Conservation Districts

Although initially empowered to manage and conserve soil and water resources, additional powers were added in 1971 to add “related resources” including fish and wildlife habitat. Today, resource conservation districts manage a wide variety of conservation projects. Education of agriculturists on better and new environmental practices, particularly around water conservation, is a high priority. Other typical projects include:

| | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Soil & Water Conservation | Habitat Improvement | Exotic plant & species control |
| Watershed Restoration | Conservation Planning | Conservation Education |
| Creek restoration | Stream Bank Restoration | Fish Passage |
| Hedgerow Plantings | Community Education | Grower Workshops |
| Native Plantings | Creek Clean-up Programs | Classroom Visits |
| Fire Prevention Projects | Fire Prevention Education | Technical Assistance |
| Ag Discharge Waivers | Post Fire/flood emergency svc | Defensible space for homes |

Most RCD receive very little funds from local taxation. They rely heavily on grants and others forms of fundraising to continue operations.

Although RCDs continue to provide private landowners with these services, they now function as leaders in the conservation community, especially within watersheds, with Coordinated Resource Management Planning (CRMO) programs.

RCDs are uniquely placed between NRCS and the private landowners, permitting the flow of public funds and local planning programs that encourage landowners to support and participate in the multiple national conservation goals.

As of 1988 there were 103 RCDs in California. The state currently has programs designed to encourage the consolidation of the many smaller RCDs. Geographical and local social interests do not always support such consolidation efforts. In Shasta County, two RCDs have co-existed for decades, divided by a mountain system and soils systems that are at

opposite ends of the scale. In Colusa County, for example, a reorganization/consolidation of two RCDs in the 1980s helped two barely surviving agencies to address the landowner and conservation needs of this agriculturally dense county.

Attachments to this study more fully describe the powers and responsibilities of this RCD, as well as the types of federal and state funding programs currently available. The California Association of Resource Conservation Districts provides excellent hands-on guidance in district operations and responsibilities through training sessions, publications, and public workshops.

RCDs are independent special districts under California law and are served by a board of directors either elected by landowners within the district or appointed by a local Board of Supervisors. Some RCDs include territory in more than one county. The Fall River RCD contains Eastern Shasta County and portions of Siskiyou, Modoc, and Lassen Counties.

Water flows into Shasta County through fourteen watershed areas:



2. AGENCY SERVICES

The Shasta County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution in 1957 forming the Fall River County Soil Conservation District. The District covers more than 1.2 million acres in Shasta, Siskiyou, Modoc, and Lassen Counties. District boundaries have remained fixed since formation. Its western boundary is coterminous with the Fall River RCD. Tasked with planning projects, a good portion of RCD staff's work occurs in the field. The District maintains its offices in McArthur, California.

a. Infrastructure, Facilities and Services

The District is primarily a service agency, and does not have extensive equipment stores. They are purchasing their building (paid by December 2014), have a routine maintenance program, and recently remodeled their bathroom facilities.

b. Administration, Management and Operations

The District has two part-time positions. The Field Technician was created with grant funding from NRCS. Noxious Weed/Education Coordinator and one full-time administrative assistant. The District board does not have personnel policies regarding communications between it and its employees.

The Fall River RCD received the California Association of Resource Conservation Districts Conservation Star Award in November 2011. It also received a Certificate of Appreciation from the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service for "significant contribution to the design, planning, coordination, implementation, and monitoring of the Bib Bear Flat Restoration Project" in October 2009.

c. Fiscal

The Shasta County Auditor-Controller oversees District financial transactions and manages the agency's bank, revolving, and reserve accounts. The District follows an established procurement policy for issuing and awarding bids. It receives its operational revenues from property taxes, assessments, and state and federal grants. The 2012-13 operational budget totaled \$270,135.

The Balance Summary and Profit and Loss Statements are provided to the Board of Directors at their monthly meetings. The Board approves all expenditures over \$100. The County Auditor provides interest through investment practices for both the Revolving and Reserve bank accounts. The Reserve account has not been touched in over six years. The District has no bonded indebtedness.

**Fall River Resource Conservation District
Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update**

| | | | County of Shasta State of California | As of 04/30/2013 | | General Ledger Schedule 15 | |
|-------------|----------------|---------|---|---------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Budget Worksheets | Actual | Adjusted | Actual | |
| | | | Fall River RCD FY 2012-2013 | Exp/Rev | Budget | Exp/Rev | |
| Item Ind | Cost Center | Account | Description | 2010 - 2011 | 2011 - 2012 | '04/30/ 2012 | 2012 - 2013 |
| | | | | | | | Adopted Budget |
| | FUND: | 0480 | FRRCD EQUIPMENT RESERVE | | | | |
| X | 00480 | 104000 | PRIOR YEAR UNSECURED TAXES | 6 | - | - | |
| | TOTAL | | TAXES | 6 | - | - | |
| X | 00480 | 420000 | INTEREST | 95 | 133 | 65 | 95 |
| | TOTAL | | REVENUE FROM MONEY & PROPERTY | 95 | 133 | 65 | |
| | TOTAL | | REVENUES***** | 101 | 133 | 65 | 95 |
| | FUND: | 0481 | FALL RIVER RCD | | | | |
| X | 00481 | 101000 | CURRENT SECURED TAXES | 13,898 | 8,000 | 8,668 | 14,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 101011 | CURR SEC TAX DEL ADV TEETER | 60 | 7,000 | - | 60 |
| X | 00481 | 101100 | SUPPLEMENTAL TAXES CURRENT | 67 | 100 | 14 | 80 |
| X | 00481 | 101111 | SUPPLEMENTAL TAXES CURR TEETER | 1 | 10 | - | |
| X | 00481 | 102000 | CURRENT UNSECURED TAXES | 669 | 700 | 715 | 715 |
| X | 00481 | 103000 | PRIOR YEAR SECURED TAXES | - | - | 1 | |
| X | 00481 | 103010 | SUPPLEMENTAL TAXES PRIOR | - | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 104000 | PRIOR YEAR UNSECURED TAXES | 32 | 21 | 24 | 25 |
| X | 00481 | 109100 | TIMBER YIELD TAXES | 56 | 21 | 50 | 50 |
| | TOTAL | | TAXES | 14,783 | 15,852 | 9,472 | <u>14,930.00</u> |
| X | 00481 | 420000 | INTEREST | 457 | 500 | 335 | 400 |

**Fall River Resource Conservation District
Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update**

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|
| X | 00481 | 421200 | RENTS/LEASES OF BUILDINGS | - | - | - | |
| | TOTAL | | REVENUE FROM MONEY & PROPERTY | 457 | 500 | 335 | 400 |
| X | 00481 | 529200 | STATE OTHER IN-LIEU TAX | - | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 546000 | STATE HOMEOWNERS EXEMPTION | 268 | 300 | 150 | 280 |
| SNC | 00481 | 547500 | STATE MANDATED COST REIMB | 42,502 | 34,496 | 355 | 33,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 549779 | STATE DEPT OF FOOD & AG GRANT | 25,270 | 48,651 | 34,834 | |
| CDFA | 00481 | 549780 | STATE CLEAN WATER GRANT | - | 19,998 | 20,637 | 14,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 549781 | STATE WATER RESOURCES GRANT | 40,740 | - | - | |
| NRCS | 00481 | 554103 | FED USDA NRCS EMERG WATER SHED | 11,163 | 19,400 | 25,150 | 48,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 560202 | FED N CAL-NEVA RCD EDUC GRNT | - | - | - | |
| FWS | 00481 | 560505 | FEDERAL FOREST SVS FUEL GRT #1 | 3,476 | 52,000 | 20,888 | 15,000.00 |
| L-RAC | 00481 | 560507 | FEDERAL FOREST SVS FUEL GRT #2 | 18,576 | 40,000 | 14,925 | 54,125.00 |
| RMEF | 00481 | 560515 | FED US FISH & WILDLIFE SVS GRT | 40,299 | - | 875 | 12,000.00 |
| S-RAC | 00481 | 560902 | FEDERAL BLM | 76,034 | 98,800 | 70,302 | 78,400.00 |
| | TOTAL | | INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES | 258,328 | 313,645 | 188,116 | <u>254,805.00</u> |
| X | 00481 | 692705 | REIMB CONSULTING SVS | - | - | - | |
| | TOTAL | | CHARGES FOR SERVICES | - | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 792500 | DONATIONS/CONTRIBUTIONS | - | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 792579 | CONTRIB FROM COMMUNITY GRANTS | 6,160 | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 799300 | MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE | - | 3,000 | - | |
| X | 00481 | 799390 | PRIOR PERIOD EXP ADJUSTMENT | 21 | - | - | |
| | TOTAL | | MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES | 6,181 | 3,000 | - | |
| | TOTAL | | REVENUES***** | 279,749 | 332,997 | 197,923 | <u>270,135.00</u> |

**Fall River Resource Conservation District
Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update**

| | | | EXPENDITURES***** | | | | |
|---|-------|--------|----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------------------|
| X | 00481 | 011000 | REGULAR SALARIES | 62,202 | 110,000 | 52,376 | 95,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 018100 | EMPLOYER SHARE OASDI | 4,686 | 7,000 | 4,007 | 5,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 018400 | EMPLOYER SHR UNEMPLOYMENT INS | 1,342 | 3,500 | 1,380 | 3,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 018500 | WORKERS COMP EXPOSURE | 2,460 | 3,700 | 1,999 | 3,000.00 |
| | TOTAL | | SALARIES AND BENEFITS | 70,690 | 124,200 | 59,762 | <u>106,000.00</u> |
| X | 00481 | 032100 | AGRICULTURAL EXPENSE | 4,465 | 5,000 | 3,530 | 5,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 032500 | COMMUNICATIONS EXPENSE | 1,268 | 1,400 | 1,039 | 1,400.00 |
| X | 00481 | 032700 | FOOD EXPENSE | 490 | 600 | 65 | 600.00 |
| X | 00481 | 032900 | HOUSEHOLD EXPENSE | 134 | 500 | 28 | 200.00 |
| X | 00481 | 033100 | INSURANCE EXPENSE | 3,809 | 5,000 | 4,199 | 5,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 033500 | MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT | 297 | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 033700 | MAINTENANCE OF STRUCTURES | 1,340 | 5,000 | 1,711 | 2,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 033728 | MNT STR REMODELS | - | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 034100 | MEMBERSHIPS | 1,114 | 1,410 | 1,214 | - |
| X | 00481 | 034300 | MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE | 955 | 2,000 | - | 1,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034309 | MISC XP PRIOR PERIOD REV ADJ | 50 | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 034310 | MISC XP PRIOR PERIOD EXP ADJ | 44 | - | - | |
| X | 00481 | 034500 | OFFICE EXPENSE | 1,982 | 2,000 | 1,549 | 1,890.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034533 | OFFICE XP TRAINING MATERIALS | - | 500 | - | |
| X | 00481 | 034800 | PROF & SPECIAL SERVICES | 107,287 | 70,000 | 61,200 | 71,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034806 | PROF AUDIT SVS | 5,200 | 4,200 | 3,500 | 4,200.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034812 | PROF CONSTRUCTION SVS | - | 20,000 | 22,221 | 10,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034820 | PROF ENVIRONMENTAL SVS | 50,144 | 62,331 | 15,325 | 39,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034849 | PROF TECHNOLOGICAL SVS | - | - | - | |

**Fall River Resource Conservation District
Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|
| X | 00481 | 034893 | CHGS AUD PROP TAX SVS | 351 | 200 | 100 | 351.00 |
| X | 00481 | 034900 | PUBLICATIONS & LEGAL NOTICES | 622 | 700 | 362 | 700 |
| X | 00481 | 035100 | RENTS & LEASES OF EQUIPMENT | 652 | 700 | - | |
| X | 00481 | 035500 | MINOR EQUIPMENT | 292 | 2,000 | 593 | 600 |
| X | 00481 | 035700 | SPECIAL DEPARTMENTAL EXPENSE | 1,923 | 5,500 | 2,798 | 3,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 035900 | TRANSPORTATION & TRAVEL | 719 | 1,000 | 780 | 1,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 035940 | TRANS/TRVL FUEL | - | 500 | - | |
| X | 00481 | 035941 | TRANS/TRVL MILEAGE | 1,146 | 2,000 | 1,059 | 2,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 036100 | UTILITIES | 1,934 | 2,000 | 1,378 | 2,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 036127 | UTIL WATER | 290 | 400 | 199 | 350.00 |
| | TOTAL | | SERVICES AND SUPPLIES | 186,508 | 194,941 | 122,850 | 151,291.00 |
| X | 00481 | 050200 | RETIREMENT OF LONG TERM DEBT | 9,276 | 10,000 | 7,252 | 10,000.00 |
| X | 00481 | 050300 | INTEREST ON LONG TERM DT | 2,047 | 3,000 | 1,241 | 2,200.00 |
| X | 00481 | 050800 | TAXES & ASSESSMENTS | 532 | 752 | 536 | 540.00 |
| X | 00481 | 051387 | CONTR TO LAFCO | 104 | 104 | 75 | 104.00 |
| | TOTAL | | OTHER CHARGES | 11,959 | 13,856 | 9,104 | 12,844.00 |
| | TOTAL | | EXPENDITURES***** | 269,157 | 332,997 | 191,716 | 270,135.00 |

d. Governance

The seven board members are unpaid volunteers, and are periodically appointed by the Shasta County Board of Supervisors. There are no term limits for board members, and most have served a number of years.

When a vacancy does occur, Individuals interested in serving on the board are encouraged to apply for one of the alternate positions as they become available in order to learn the operations and functions board members must conduct as stewards of the agency. Once a position is advertised, the RCD board votes for a new director and then

submits their selection to the Shasta County Board of Supervisors for their confirmation of that person. Members receive no compensation or benefits.

Proper procedures are followed for notification of both regular and special meetings. No violations of the Ralph M. Brown Act have been noted over the past three years. All meetings are open to the public (with the exception of closed session items). Notices are posted at the meeting location and the local Post Office in a timely manner. The regular meeting room is large and accessible. Meetings are held in the early evening, usually once a month.

3. Regional Context/Relevant Services by Other Agencies

Land use and building regulation services are provided by the County of Shasta, as are law enforcement, road services and other general services provided to the unincorporated areas of the county by various county departments.

A number of local, state, and federal agencies provide services within the District. The District provides services within Shasta County, and within portions of Siskiyou, Modoc, and Lassen Counties as well. There are no overlapping services with RCDs established in these adjacent counties. The RCD works cooperatively with its partner and neighboring agencies.

4. Agency Boundary and Proposed Sphere of Influence Update Maps.

The District's boundary is fixed and is coterminous on all sides with other RCDs. A coterminous sphere of influence boundary is proposed for this District because an opportunity or need does not exist at this time to expand the current boundaries.

In the future when it may be determined by the affected agencies that some form of consolidation between area RCDs should be studied and undertaken, this sphere of influence boundary will need to be amended by LAFCO to reflect the proposed changes. Typically a "zero" sphere of influence would be an appropriate designation for agencies proposing to consolidate or reorganize into a successor district.

5. Written Determinations for the Municipal Service Review

a. Growth & Population Projections

The District estimates 4,891 people live within its boundaries in this rural, mountainous area of eastern Shasta County. Population growth has been slow for the past decade, right around 1%. Viable employment opportunities are not easy to find in the beautiful high valleys of Eastern Shasta County.

b. Disadvantaged Unincorporated Communities (DUCs)

Fall River Mills and McArthur and the surrounding smaller communities within the District boundary qualify for the designation of "Disadvantaged Unincorporated Communities." California State Parks (www.parks.ca.gov) provides a Community Locator tool which helps with identifying the general income within one mile of the town center. It usually sufficient to provide a guideline for this classification (see attached sheets). The population counts shown on these reports only encompass a one mile diameter and do not reflect the actual population assigned to those communities.

The median income for the state is \$46,477, and communities qualify for this designation if their median income falls below 80% of this figure. The median income calculation for this area is \$_____.

c. Present and Planned of Public Facilities

Other special districts in the area provide community services and facilities. As a service-based agency involved in projects with private landowners and other public agencies, the Fall River RCD has no need for public facilities per se, and has no plans for future facilities of this nature at this time.

d. Adequacy of Public Services

Public services provided by the District are very adequate and are currently meeting the needs of those participating in RCD projects. A list of grants managed by the District will be found in the Exhibits following this report.

e. Infrastructure Needs or Deficiencies

There are no known infrastructure needs or deficiencies at time of this study.

f. Financing Constraints and Opportunities

The District is funded through property taxes, assessments, and grant funding. The nature of grants assures that state and federal constraints are met or exceeded during the grant program. Property taxes and assessments are managed by the District board of directors.

g. Opportunities for Rate Restructuring

There are no such opportunities, since this is not an enterprise district.

h. Status of and Opportunities for Shared Facilities

The District has shared buildings with other agencies in the past, but by December 2014 the purchase of a permanent office building will be concluded.

i. Accountability for Community Service needs, governmental structure, and operational efficiencies.

The District meets monthly, notices meetings in both communities and offers the public an opportunity to participate in their meetings, which are mainly focused on provision of water and maintenance of facilities.

6. Written Determinations for the Sphere of Influence Update

a. Present and planned land uses

Shasta County designates much of the area served as rural residential and agricultural. This is a very rural area, with community development either clustered around the small communities or is scattered widely throughout the District off secondary roads.

b. Present and probable need for public facilities; adequacy of services

Services are very adequate and are meeting the needs of landowners, and fulfilling the needs of state and federal agencies by assuring adequate protection of local resources.

c. Present capacity of public facilities and adequacy of services

Again, services are very adequate and are meeting the needs of landowners, and fulfilling the needs of state and federal agencies by assuring adequate protection of local resources.

d. Existence of social or economic communities of interest

All local rural communities share social and economic interests. Fall River Mills and McArthur provide local commercial centers for the outlying communities and each has a post office.

- e. Present and probable needs of disadvantaged unincorporated communities (DUCs) within the area.

As identified in the MSR section, all communities within the boundaries of the Fall River RCD qualify as disadvantaged communities under the state guidelines. Shasta County is undertaking a study of these DUCs as part of their General Plan update and additional information should be available for an expanded analysis of this designation during the next MSR/SOI Update is due in 2019.

7. Conclusion

The Fall River RCD is performing public services in a most reasonable and effective manner with the level of resources currently available to it.

It is recommended that the municipal service review and sphere of influence update for the Fall River Resource Conservation District be adopted as proposed.

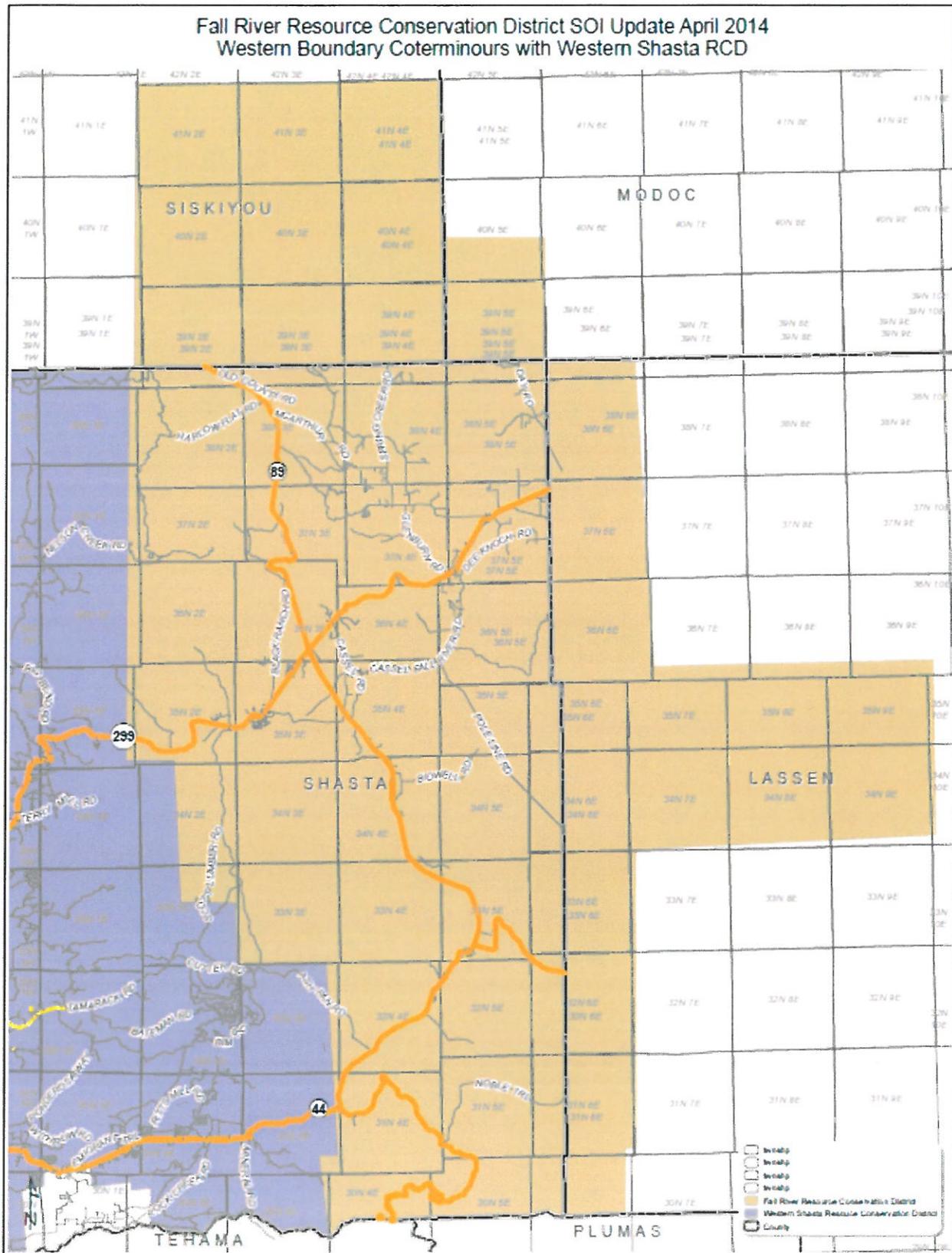
8. References

- a. Fall River Resource Conservation District (interviews, records, website)
- b. County of Shasta
- c. Shasta LAFCO files for this district.
- d. Internet research on various sites.

9. Exhibits

- a. Map of District showing proposed SOI Boundary Update
- b. Disadvantaged Unincorporated Community (DUC) Calculator
- c. Fall River RCD Five Year Plan
- d. Fall River RCD List of Grants
- e. Notice of Intent to Adopt CEQA Determination – Statutory Exemption PRC 21083
- f. No Effect Determination – California Department of Fish & Wildlife
- g. Resource Conservation District Guidebook:
 - i. What is an RCD?
 - ii. Powers and Authorities of RCDs under Division 9
 - iii. [Public Resources Code 9001-9978]
 - iv. Common Federal and State Programs for Local Conservation Assistance

**Fall River Resource Conservation District
Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update**



Fall River Resource Conservation District Municipal Service Review & Sphere of Influence Update

